## עדויות על יחום

TS 13 7 3, f. 26

- 1 נקול נחן אלשהוד אלואבעין כטוטנא אכר הדא
  - 2 אלמסטור אן נחן מחקקין בשהאדה לא ריב
  - 3 פיהא ולא אלתבאם יחתוי עליהא אן אלצבייה
    - 4 אלמטמאה אכרמיה אלמחרבייה פי דאר
  - 5 אלשיך אלאסעד אאמת אלמתטבב הזקן היקר ספ
    - 6 אנהא ליסת מן אלנסב אלשריף אעני קהל
- 7 יפ אלמנסנבין לישראל עליה אלסלאם לים להא
  - 8 תעלק במשפחה מן משפחותיהם ולא הי
- 9 לא ממזרת ולא נתינה ולא אמאמאאא שתוקית ולא אסופית
  - 10 ולא בדוקית פלמא אלתמט מנא מא נעלמה
    - 11 מן דלך ליכן מכלד פי מא בעד פשהדנא
  - 12 במא נעלמה ובדלך כתבנא כפופנת וקידנא
    - 13 שהאדתנא בכט יבקי בעדהא וכאן דלך פי
    - 14 אלעשר אלאכיר מן חדש אייר שנת אלפא
    - 15 וחכש מאה ועשרין ותמני שנין לשטרות
  - 16 בפסטאט מצרים דעל נילוס נהרא מותבה ומה
- 17 דידענא כתבנא וחתמנא למיהוי לוכו בולראיה מיומא

18 דנן ולעלם וחכל שריר וקיים

1.Kl - MN NUL 4/N r.

For another emp see ENA 100 (2559)

7 17 8 8 10 0 17 18 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
$\mathcal{O}_{r,\gamma}$ s 1.76
38 Reg 6 1/1 /20 10 14 1016-10/4 R3 2 23 R HAPIED 18 RINK 3126 PA 100 1871
- 1 N 2 K & MNONIK 2 1 1 1 1 4 K 2 1 2 1 N 1 1 0 K 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
100 262 1/2 3202 [X 3612 383 3 (-7370) 205 324/2
TRIOLUNIA PRUBLINIOLUK 3 131 JON JONER JONER JONER NOIR IN VOIL RETR
27.72 12) 33444 KL ) 3 Kl 24, 72 3 pm lu 25 3 545 1 per   K= 21 21
IN SUPERIOR OF THE SUPERIOR OF
101 20/01 KING 200 3 200 KN 20 20 121 13
트리아이 아이들은 사이 이번에 이번에 가는 것으로 하는데 그는데 그는데 아이들은 사이에 가는데 사람들이 되었다. 그는데 아이들은 사이에 함께 함께 
11/32/ 6/M P
(1) 38   columbiantes 1, 23 & 20 m 1, 25 & 20 m 1, 25 & 20 m 1, 25 & 20 m 1, 2
는 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은
ste cestainly on a fectorouse party of the horse tout to by Departs by E 1576 or 1576
14 6, 6 1 15 5 75 8 4 - 8
18" 11 - Broke who Julice
17 R a. 1483-484
189   Ackto Brash Infiles  1574 a. 1483-4848  2 GC (2876) 133-
Another Cory 19
ENA 100 (2559)
Ce Med Toe TI, TV Bo am.
46-47

OF A GIRL. ENA 120 (2554) TESTIMONY ABOUT THE FAMILY STATUS OF A GIRL.

(May, 1217)

The girl concerned no doubt was a former slave bought by the pious physician as a child, brought up in his house, and freed. The witnesses did not wish to use the word "freed woman", and clad therefore their testimony in negative form using ancient terms, some of which had long ago lost all their meaning. Their declaration is not signed: when they came to court, it was explained to them that they could testify with good conscience that the girl had been liberated, but could hardly know for sure all that was implied in those ancient terms.

This certificate was needed because the physician wished to marry off his foster child.2 TS 13 J 3, f. 26.

We, the witnesses, who will put their signature at the end of this document, declare that we know for sure and are able to testify without any doubt or ambiguity that the girl called Akramiyya, 3 who has been brought up in the house of the physician al-As ad, 4 the esteemed elder, (may his) e(nd be) g(ood), is not of noble descent, that is, of the assembly of God that derives its origin from Israel, 5 o(ver whom may be) p(eace), nor does she have any connection with anyone of their families. On the other hand, she is not a bastard, 6 Nethina, 7 born out of wedlock, foundling, or one who cannot tell who her parents are.8

When we were asked to testify about what we know so that it should be established forever, we did so and fortified our witness with our signature which will remain after we shall not be any more.

This happened during the last ten days of the month of Iyyar 1528 of the (era of the) documents (ending on May 8, 1217) in Fustat of Egypt, situated on the Nile river. We have written and signed that which we have known to serve as a title of right and proof from now on and to eternity. And everything is correct and confirmed. (space left for signatures, but unsigned).

## Notes

- Cf. Med. Soc., I, p. 135, and C2, n. , and Part II, no.
- For similar such declarations see Part II, no.
- 3. "Most honored", or originally belonging to a man called thus.
- 4. "The auspicious", no doubt identical with the physician mentioned in Med. Soc., II, p. 485, sec. 36.
- Meaning Jacob, the biblical patriarch.
- 6. Progeny of an incestuous connection, like brother and sister.

- Offspring of the ancient Gibeonites! (Joshua, ch. 9).
- 8. Terms taken from Mishna Qiddushin 4:1-2.